

Anti-RUNX2 Picoband Antibody

Catalog # ABO11855

Specification

Anti-RUNX2 Picoband Antibody - Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q13950
Host Rabbit
Reactivity Human
Clonality Polyclonal
Format Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Runt-related transcription factor 2(RUNX2) detection. Tested with WB in Human.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-RUNX2 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 860

Other Names

Runt-related transcription factor 2, Acute myeloid leukemia 3 protein, Core-binding factor subunit alpha-1, CBF-alpha-1, Oncogene AML-3, Osteoblast-specific transcription factor 2, OSF-2, Polyomavirus enhancer-binding protein 2 alpha A subunit, PEA2-alpha A, PEBP2-alpha A, SL3-3 enhancer factor 1 alpha A subunit, SL3/AKV core-binding factor alpha A subunit, RUNX2, AML3, CBFA1, OSF2, PEBP2A

Calculated MW

56648 MW KDa

Application Details

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 μg/ml, Human

Subcellular Localization

Nucleus.

Tissue Specificity

Specifically expressed in osteoblasts.

Protein Name

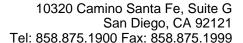
Runt-related transcription factor 2

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg NaN3.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence in the middle region of human RUNX2(244-278aa





DRLSDLGRIPHPSMRVGVPPQNPRPSLNSAPSPFN), identical to the related mouse sequence.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence Similarities
Contains 1 Runt domain.

Anti-RUNX2 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

Name RUNX2

Synonyms AML3, CBFA1, OSF2, PEBP2A

Function

Transcription factor involved in osteoblastic differentiation and skeletal morphogenesis (PubMed:28505335, PubMed:28703881, PubMed:28738062). Essential for the maturation of osteoblasts and both intramembranous and endochondral ossification. CBF binds to the core site, 5'-PYGPYGGT-3', of a number of enhancers and promoters, including murine leukemia virus, polyomavirus enhancer, T-cell receptor enhancers, osteocalcin, osteopontin, bone sialoprotein, alpha 1(I) collagen, LCK, IL-3 and GM-CSF promoters. In osteoblasts, supports transcription activation: synergizes with SPEN/MINT to enhance FGFR2-mediated activation of the osteocalcin FGF-responsive element (OCFRE) (By similarity). Inhibits KAT6B-dependent transcriptional activation.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q08775}

Tissue Location

Specifically expressed in osteoblasts.

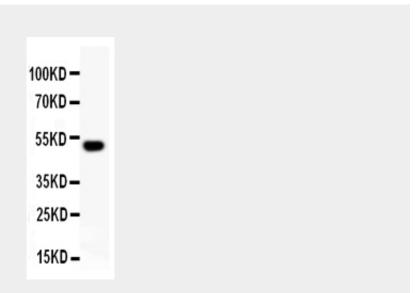
Anti-RUNX2 Picoband Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

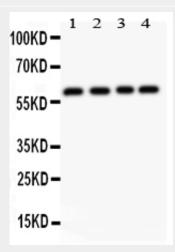
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture



Anti-RUNX2 Picoband Antibody - Images



Anti-RUNX2 Picoband antibody, ABO11855-1.jpgAll lanes: Anti RUNX2 (ABO11855) at 0.5ug/mlWB: Recombinant Human RUNX2 Protein 0.5ngPredicted bind size: 50KDObserved bind size: 50KD



Anti-RUNX2 Picoband antibody, ABO11855-2.jpgAll lanes: Anti RUNX2 (ABO11855) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 2: A431 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 3: K562 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 4: JURKAT Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 56KD Observed bind size: 62KD

Anti-RUNX2 Picoband Antibody - Background

Core binding factor A1 (CBFA1/RUNX2) is a runt-like transcription factor essential for osteoblast differentiation. This protein is a member of the RUNX family of transcription factors and has a Runt DNA-binding domain. It is essential for osteoblastic differentiation and skeletal morphogenesis and acts as a scaffold for nucleic acids and regulatory factors involved in skeletal gene expression. RUNX2 plays a non-redundant role for Cbfa1 in tooth development that may be distinct from that in bone formation. In odontogenesis, RUNX2 is not involved in the early signaling networks regulating tooth initiation and early morphogenesis but regulates key epithelial-mesenchymal interactions that control advancing morphogenesis and histodifferentiation of the epithelial enamel organ.